





Collective Perception Wild Animal Info Sharing

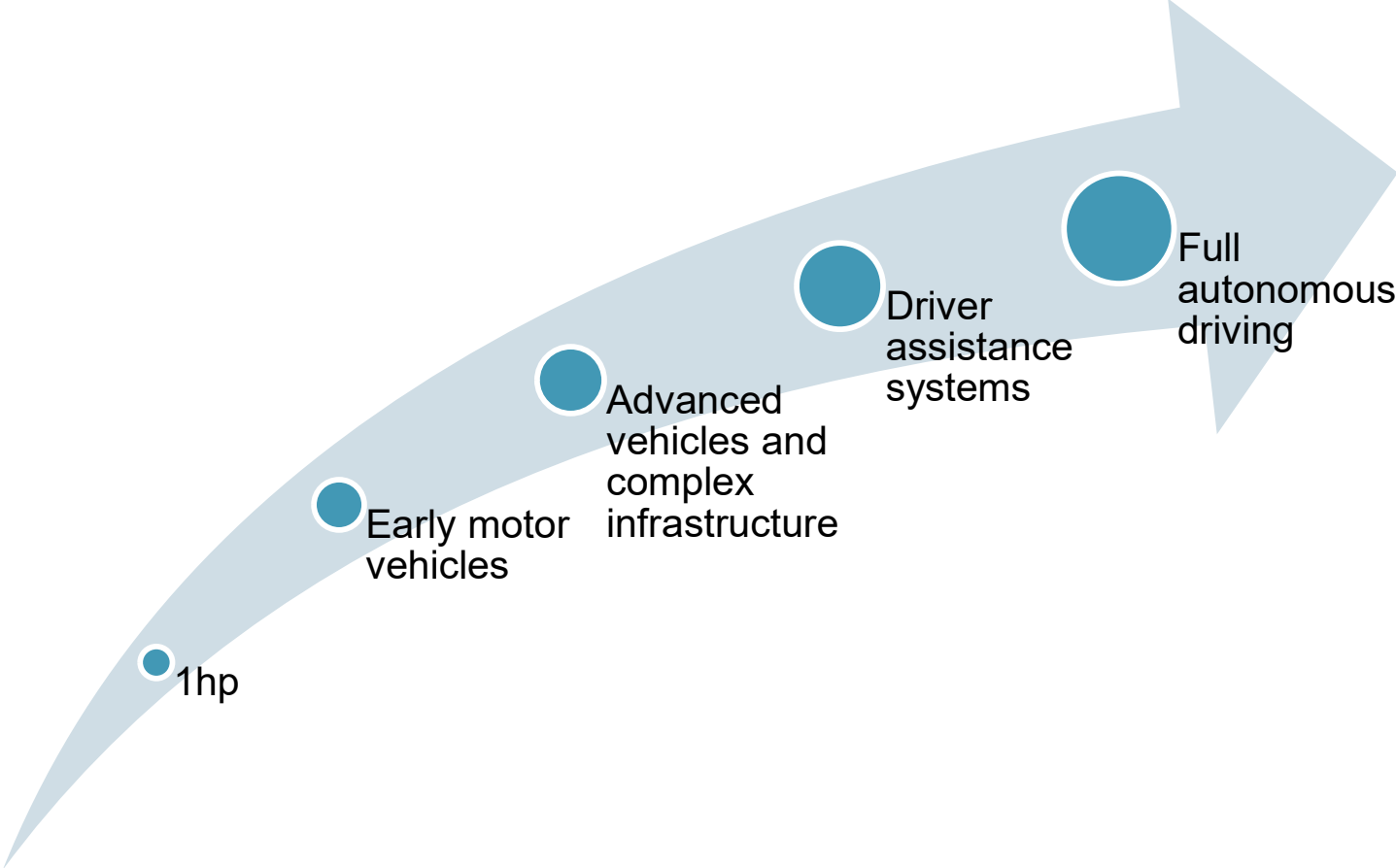
Zehra Adil & Olof Eriksson

11/24/2023

An abstract background featuring a central burst of red light rays emanating from the left, set against a dark field with blue wireframe grid patterns that resemble architectural or technical drawings.

Introduction and use case

Evolution of mobility



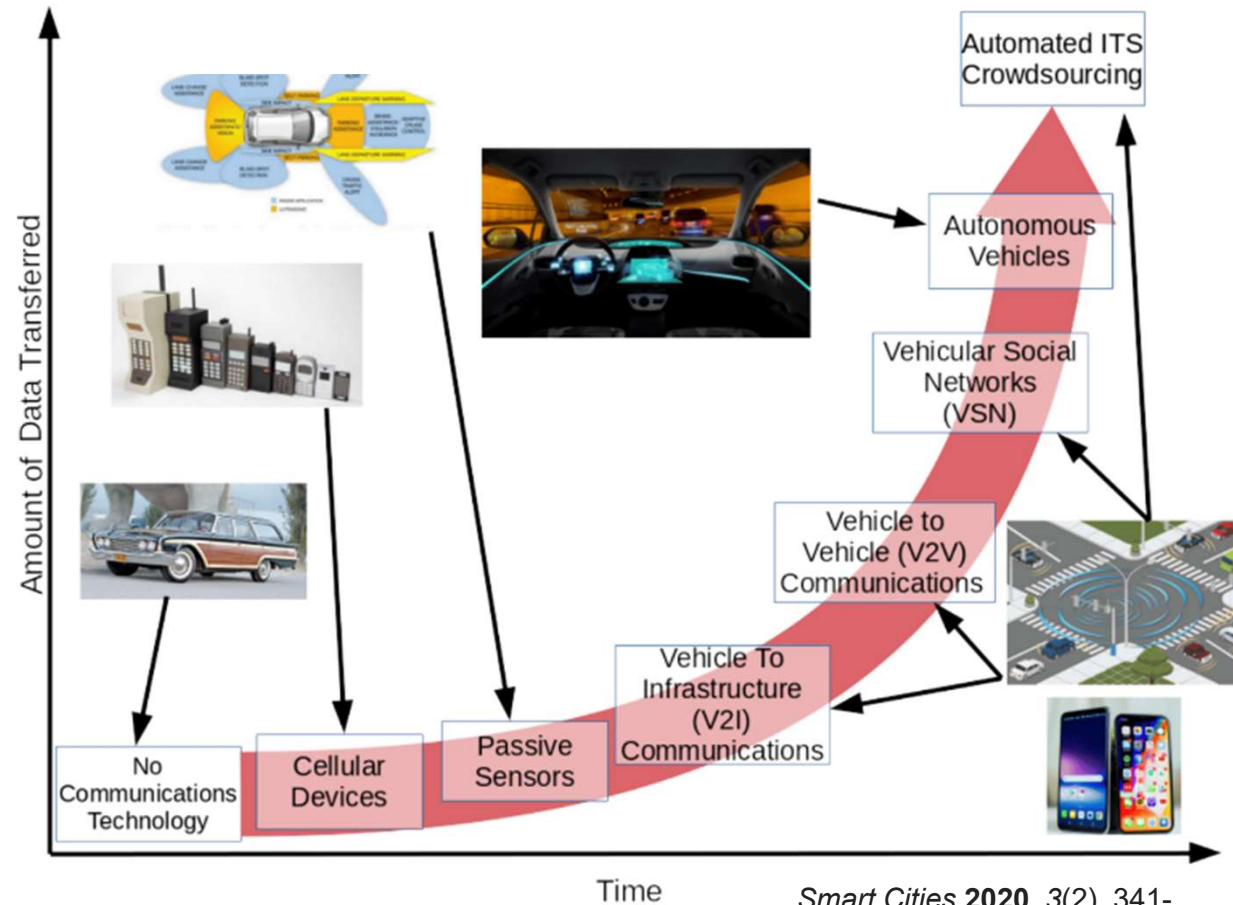


1930-Istanbul, Galata Bridge



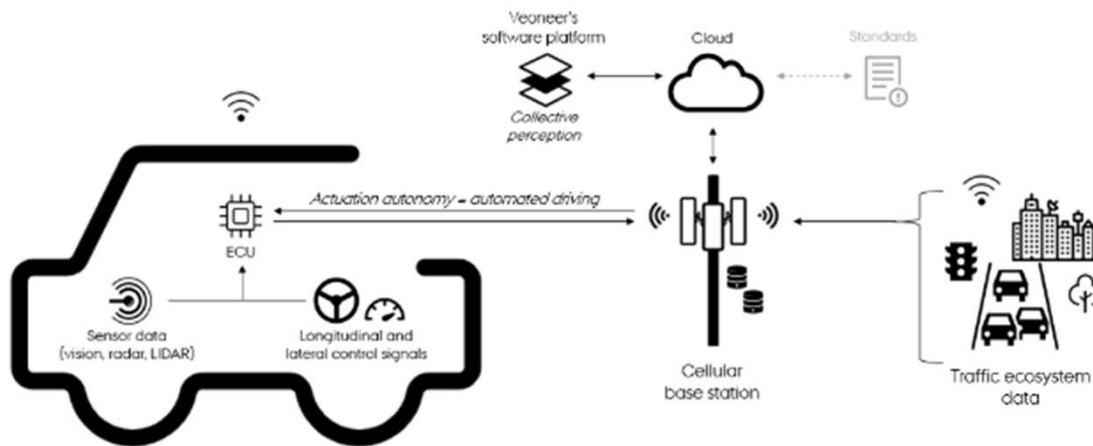
20's-Istanbul

Evolution of communication in mobility



Smart Cities 2020, 3(2), 341-361; <https://doi.org/10.3390/smartcities3020018>

Collective Perception



Increasing number of intelligent and connected entities in the traffic ecosystem

Collective data flow is the future

To have a safer flow in the complex traffic environment, coordination and interactions between entities

Collective perception connects the information from single entities in the following ways;

- secure
- auditable
- sharable
- dynamic
- transferable (with reasonable latency)

Background: animal accidents in Sweden

Our solution: thermal sensor & collective perception

Challenges: trust & safety

Our solution: thermal sensor & collective perception



Our solution: thermal sensor & collective perception



Our solution: thermal sensor & collective perception



(a) A multicopter.
By courtesy of Alexander Glinz. The photograph is taken from https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Hexacopter_Multicopter_DJI-S800_on-air_credit_Alexander_Glinz.jpg the 3rd of May 2016.

(b) An unmanned plane.
By courtesy of Stefan Sundkvist. The photograph is taken from <https://www.flickr.com/photos/stefansundkvist/4697864162/in/photostream/> the 3rd of May 2016.

Figure 6.1: Example of different UASs.

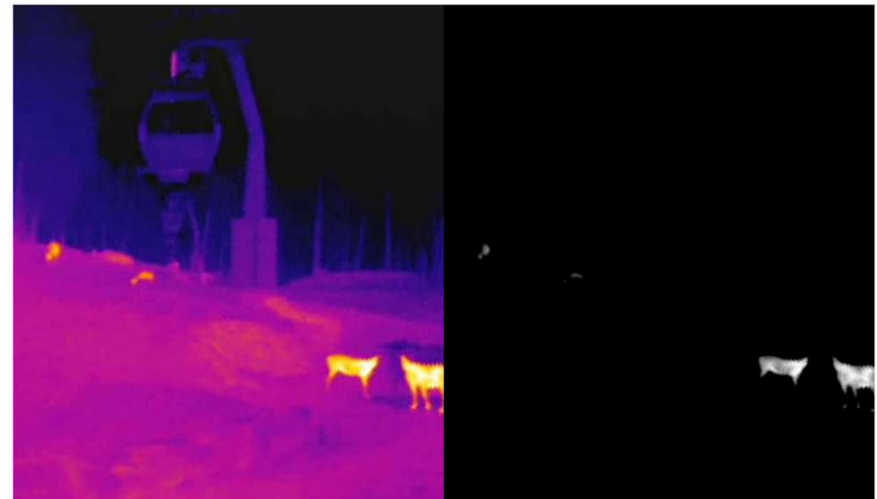


Figure 3.1: A thermal enhanced image.

Ref: *Wildlife Surveillance Using a UAV and Thermal Imagery*, Albin Flodell and Cornelis Christensson, Linköping University, 2016

A horizontal banner with a dark background. It features a grid of blue lines on the right side and a burst of red lines on the left side. The text 'Data Management Challenges & Opportunities' is centered in white, bold, sans-serif font.

Data Management Challenges & Opportunities

Animal accidents

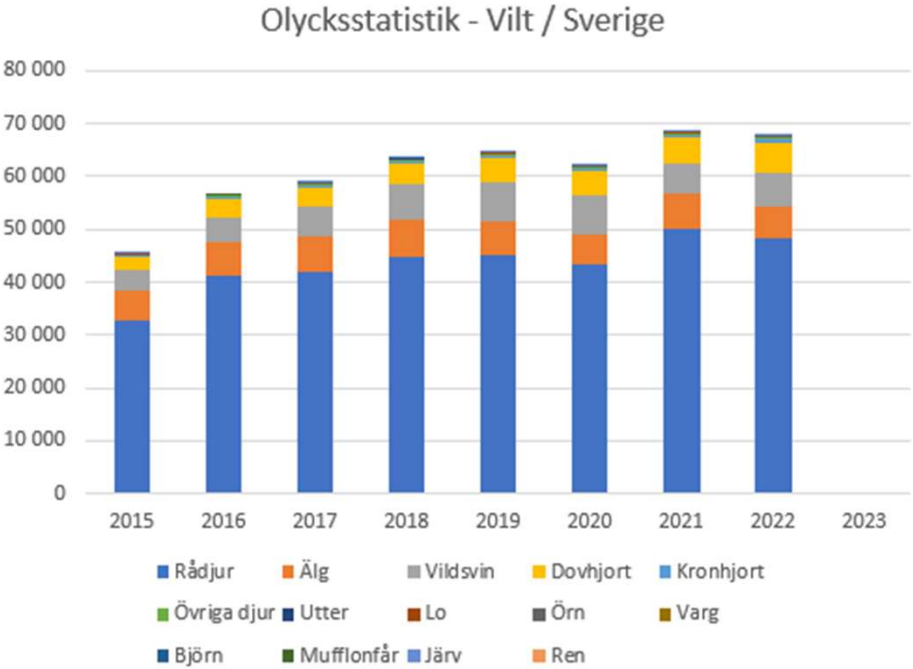
Collisions between large animals and motor vehicles are an increasing threat to

- traffic safety
 - socio-economics
 - animal welfare
 - wildlife management and conservation
- in many countries world-wide.



Ref: Child & Stuart 1987; Lav Sund & Sandegren 1991; Groot-Bruinderink & Hazebroek 1996; Romin & Bissonette 1996; Schwabe, Schuhmann & Tonkovich 2002).

Animal accidents in Sweden



Ref: Nationella Viltolycksrådet

Animal accidents in Sweden



Viltolyckor med Rådjur
Datan uppdateras dagligen



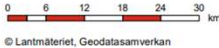
Ref: <https://www.viltolycka.se/>

Animal accidents in Sweden



VILTOLYCKSKARTA
STOCKHOLMS LÄN
2016-2020

All klövvilt
Upprättad: 2021-05-17
Skala (A1): 1:290 000



© Lantmäteriet, Geodatasamverkan

Teckenförklaring

Olyckor per km och år

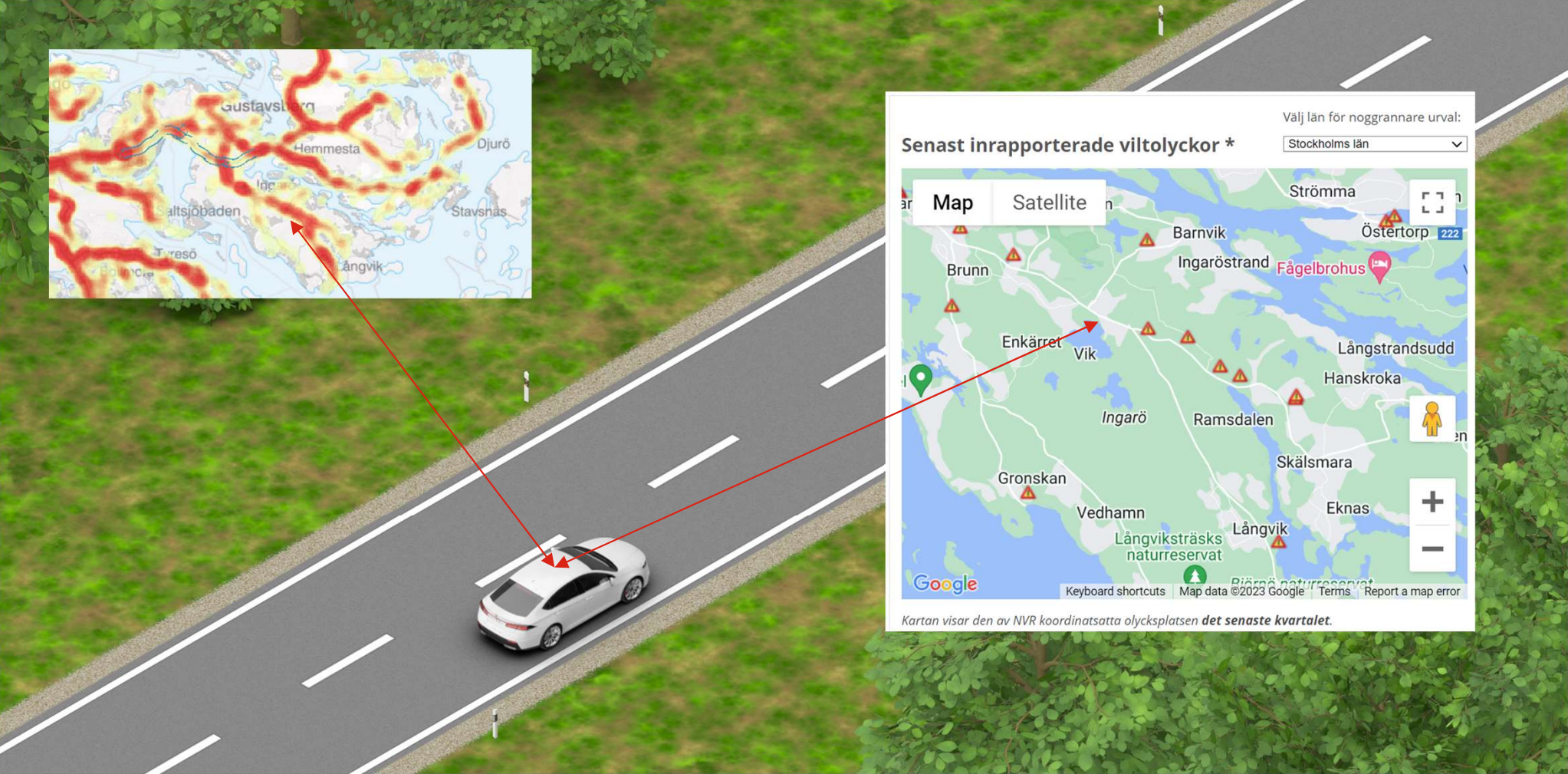


— Viltstängsel

21 Vägnummer



Our solution: collective perception



Our solution: collective perception



- Proportion of agricultural land (arcsine)
- Proportion of urban areas (arcsine)
- Proportion of coniferous forest (arcsine)
- Proportion of deciduous forest (arcsine)
- Ln of the distance (m) to nearest forest edge
- Distance (m) to nearest intersection with private road
- Density of land cover type edges (km km^{-2})
- Proportion of deciduous and coniferous forest (arcsine)
- Average annual moose harvest per 100 ha
- Density of residencies and farms per km^2
- Land cover diversity (SIMPSON index)
- Proportion of open land (arcsine)
- Density of road passages across the accident road (per km)
- Density of private roads (km km^{-2})
- Density of public roads (km km^{-2})
- Density of railways (km km^{-2})
- Variation in topography (density of 10-m isoclines)
- Density of water courses (km km^{-2})
- Average speed limit on accident road (km h^{-1})
- Number of vehicles in thousands per average day
- Proportion of wetland (arcsine)
- Density of intersections with forest edges (per km road)
- Density of intersections with private roads (per km road)
- Density of intersections with water courses (per km road)

Occurrence of fences, 'yes' or 'no'

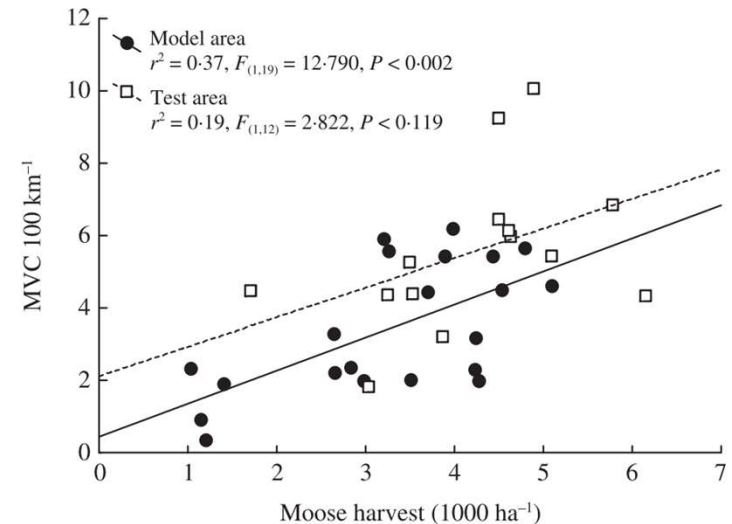


Fig. 4. Relationship between the average annual density of moose-vehicle collisions (MVC) per hundred kilometres road and the average number of moose shot 1000 ha^{-1} in hunting districts (model area, $n = 21$; test area, $n = 14$) during the years 1990–99 in the two study areas.

Ref: *Journal of Applied Ecology* - 2005 - SEILER - Predicting locations of moose vehicle collisions in Sweden.pdf

Challenges: trust & safety



Trust

- **Authorization**
- **Verification**
- **Quality**
- **Privacy**

Challenges: trust & safety



Safety

- **Functional safety**
- **Regulation**
- **Operational safety**
- **Standards**
- **Security**

Conclusions



- **Improved traffic scenario perception**
- **Trust**
- **Safety**



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Forward. For all.